

The Caledonian Mercury. No. 10,516.

PRICE 3d.] EDINBURGH,

SATURDAY, JANUARY 31, 1789.

THEATRE ROYAL.
On MONDAY Evening, February 1. will be presented,
The Comic OPERA of
LIONEL AND CLARISSA.
Colonel Oldboy, — Mr WILSON;
Jeffany, — Mr ARCHER;
And Lionel, — Mr BELL.
Clarissa, — Mrs ARCHER;
(Being her second appearance on this stage)
Lady Mary Oldboy, Mrs CHARTRIS;
Jenny, Mrs WILMOT-WELLS;
And Diana, Miss GEORGE.
In which character she will introduce an entire new Song,
composed by Signior Giordani.
To which will be added a Comedy in Three Acts, called **THE MISER.**
(Taken from the celebrated Comedy of that name, and properly altered and curtailed into an after-piece, and now performing at the Theatre-Royal, Covent-Garden, with universal applause.)
Lovegood (the Miser) — Mr WILSON;
Frederick, — Mr ARCHER;
And Ramlik, — Mr BLAND, Jun.
Mariana, — Mrs W. WELLS;
Mrs Wifely, Mrs CHARTRIS;
And Lappet, — Mrs BARRETFORD.

TAYLOR AND NORRIE.
MR PATRICK TAYLOR, late Painter in Edinburgh, died at Marcellus, in the fourth of France, on the 20th of December last, which he had gone for the recovery of his health. It is hereby requested, that all persons to whom he is indebted will lodge their claims with Mr Robert Norrie, his surviving partner, at their shop, Register-street, New Town, Edinburgh, or at their Colour Shop, head of Ballicallye's Close; and that those who are indebted to him, will please order payment immediately to the said Mr R. Norrie, who is empowered by the trustees to discharge his accounts. ROBERT NORRIE returns his grateful thanks to the Friends of the late Copartners, and hopes, from that strict attention which will be paid, to merit a continuance of the public favour. — Business will continue to be carried on under the same firm as formerly.
N.B. All sorts of painted and ornamented Floor and Table Cloths, executed in the most elegant manner and on the shortest notice.

HABERDASHERY & HOSIERY GOODS.
AT REDUCED PRICES.
COWAN'S WAREHOUSE, Carrubber's Close, British and India Mullins, Mullin Handkerchiefs, Stockings, Cloths, Printed Cottons, Shawls, Silk Handkerchiefs, Cambrics, Lawns, &c.
Wire Mullins at 2s. 6d. per yard. — Cotton Stockings, 2s. 10d. per pair.

Sale of Hardware, Jewellery, &c.
AT PRIME COST.
THE STOCK OF GOODS belonging to PETER FORRESTER and COMPANY, as advertised formerly, continue selling off at and below prime cost, for ready money, at their Shop opposite the Old Edinburgh, and consist chiefly of the following articles:

Gold, Silver, Gilt, Tortoiseshell, and Shagreen Watches, of all sorts.
Best shoe, Knee, and Stock Buckles.
Silver, Pinchbeck, Plated, and Mourning ditto.
Gold Bracelets, Rings, and Locket Pins.
Silver and Plated Spoons, Tea-Kitchen, Tea-Pots, Sugar and Cream Basins, Bread Baskets, Castor Frames, Salts, Porter Cups, Ale Tankards, Candlesticks, Fish Knives, Sauce Boats, Wine Funnel, &c. &c.
Loupin made Brown Tea-Kitchen and Coffee Urns.
Japanned Tea-Trays, Bread Baskets, and Waiters.
Knives and Forks, of all kinds.
Mahogany and Shagreen Cases, for Knives, Forks & Spoons.
Ladies and Gentlemen's Pocket and Memorandum Books, all kinds.
Silver, Gilt, and Steel mounted Swords and Hangers.
Variety of fine Prints, in Gilt burnished Frames.
Double and Single Barreled Guns.
Patent Spring Bayonet, Pocket and Holster Pistols.
Complete Chests of Tools for Gentlemen.
Ladies and Gentlemen's Dressing Boxes.
Plated, Black Ebony, and Japanned Ink Stands.
Backgammon Tables, Playing Cards, and Dice.
The Goods are almost entirely new and fashionable, and as the whole is to be disposed of against Whittunday first, when a Dissolution of the Copartnership takes place, the Public will find this a very favourable opportunity for supplying themselves with the above articles.
It is requested that all those indebted to the Company, will order payment of their accounts without delay, as they must all be settled before the Dissolution takes place.
N.B. The highest prices are given for Gold, Silver, and Lace, as usual.

MARMALADE ORANGES.
Just arrived from SAN LUCAR by the ship Margaret, after a passage of 35 days.
SEVILLE BITTER ORANGES, in the highest perfection for MARMALADE, in half-cheets or by the lib.
Fine ripe Seville CHINA ORANGES, in half-cheets and in dozens.
Ficest ripe juicy LEMONS for shrub, &c. in cheets, half-cheets, or in dozens, — at the Warehouse of JAMES SHEPPARD and CO. No. 21. South Bridge.
N.B. Sugars (to those who take fruit), at prime cost.

LEMONS AND ORANGES.
JUST now arrived from St. Lucar, a quantity of LEMONS, Seville and China ORANGES. There is also a quantity of very fine Lisbon LEMONS, and China ORANGES. The fruit is in good order, and will be sold below the present London prices.
Below is the present prices of Tea, viz.
Good Congou, 3s. 3d. to 3s. 6d.
Fine ditto, 4s. to 4s. 6d.
Very fine, 5s.
Souchong, 5s. 6d. to 6s. 6d.
Green, 6s. 6d.
Very fine, 8s.
Very best, 9s.
PORT and SHERRY WINES in Butts and Bottles, at their Vaults in Leith, will be had upon reasonable terms. — With a complete assortment of all kinds of GROCERY GOODS, in Wholesale and Retail.
N.B. Orders for the above addressed to ALEXANDER THOMSON and COMPANY, High Street, Edinburgh, will be pointedly attended to.

LEMONS AND ORANGES.
JUST arrived in the Margaret, Robert Gray master, from San Lucar, after a short passage.
LEMONS, CHINA and BITTER ORANGES, in cheets and half-cheets.
Apply to JOHN REDDIE merchant, St. Nicholas Street, Edinburgh, or (on his account) to James Robertson, grocer in Leith.
N.B. The Bitter Oranges are in perfection for Marmalade.

EDINBURGH EAST INDIA CLUB.
THE next Meeting of the Edinburgh East India Club, to be held at Bayly's Tavern, on February 13th, being the second Friday of that month.

WANTED TO BORROW.
Two Thousand Pounds Sterling, upon undoubted Heritable Security.
Apply to Archibald Douglas, writer, James's Square.

MONEY.
To be LENT, on Heritable Security, at Five per Cent.

THE Sum of ONE THOUSAND POUNDS Sterling, — Apply to William Gordon and Robert Auldrie, Carrubber's Close, Edinburgh.

LEMONS AND ORANGES.
Just arrived from St. Lucar, in the Jean, Peter Skirven Master, LEMONS, CHINA, and BITTER ORANGES, in cheets and half cheets.
Apply to William Douglas, Quality Street, Leith. Where also may be had, Sherry Wine in Butts.

ONE of the Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs has received a letter directed to him, Commissioner of the King's Revenue, Royal Exchange, Edinburgh, not dated, but with the general Post mark of the 16th instant upon it, regarding the fraudulent conduct of the King's Boatmen at Leith. — If the informer, will call upon any of the Commissioners, or upon their Secretary, he will meet with all due encouragement, and he may depend upon secrecy.
By order of the Board,
Customhouse, Edinburgh, R. E. PHILIPS Sec.
Jan. 28. 1789.

BRITISH STATE LOTTERY.
Begins drawing the 16th February 1789, and is the first that ever had a CAPITAL PRIZE of THIRTY THOUSAND POUNDS, REWARDS
One of L. 25,000 Five of L. 5,000
One of 20,000 Eleven of 2,000
One of 15,000 Twenty-five of 1,000
Two of 10,000 Thirty of 500

THE TICKETS AND SHARES, In Halves, Quarters, Eighths, and Sixteenths, Stamped and secured pursuant to Act of Parliament are sold and repaid by WHITE AND MITCHEL, At the Licensed State Lottery Office opposite to the Town Church, Edinburgh, On account of Messrs. Richardson & Goodluck, London; Where, and at this Office, THE MOST CAPITAL PRIZES have been sold, And no where else in Scotland on their account.
Money for the prizes will be paid here at current value so soon as drawn, or, agreeable to act of Parliament, in June 1789, without any deduction.
Correspondents may have tickets or shares sent, on remitting bills at sight or a short date.
Letters, post paid, daily answered.

Oak Plank, Oak Timber, and Dry Dock.
AT ALLOA.
JAMES ALLAN at Alloa has on hand, a considerable quantity of OAK PLANK and OAK TIMBER, which he continues to sell on the most reasonable terms. The Plank is 4 inches, 3 inches, and 2 inches thick, and the Timber is of good sizes. — Good bills at 4 or 5 months date will be taken in payments, and no smaller quantity than 200 feet will be sold.
Mr Allan is happy in being able to inform merchants and ship owners, that his DRY DOCK, having been completed some time, has been favoured with the entire approbation of those whose vessels have been in it, and he ventures to say it is inferior to none in this country in point of convenience.

HOUSE IN BROWN'S SQUARE.
TO BE SOLD.
THAT HOUSE on the fourth side of Brown's Square, possessed by Mr Mackenzie of the Exchange, consisting of dining-room and drawing-room, each of 24 feet by 17, and 12 feet high, a parlour, writing-room, and five bed-chambers, three garret rooms with fire places, and a fit to accommodate a numerous family — to be seen from twelve to two o'clock.
For particulars, enquire at the house.
Not to be repeated.

ST ANDREW'S SQUARE.
TO BE SOLD by public auction in John's Coffeehouse, upon Monday the 2d of February next, between the hours of five and six afternoon.
That large, elegant, and commodious HOUSE in St. Andrew's Square, belonging to Mr Alexander Wight, Advocate, together with a Coach-House and Stables, in St. Andrew's Meuse-lane.
The articles of roup will be seen in the hands of Andrew Carmichael, writer, Fishmarket Close, Edinburgh; and any persons inclining to treat for a private bargain betwixt and the day of roup, may apply to the proprietor.

AT LONDON—FOR LEITH.
THE LOVELY MARY, ALEX. GORDON Master, Is lying at Hawley's Wharf, taking in goods for Leith, Edinburgh, and all places adjacent, and will fall the 3th February 1789.
The Master to be spoke with at the New England Coffeehouse, near the Royal Exchange, at Change hours. Mornings and evenings on board the ship.

AT LEITH—FOR LONDON.
THE LIVINGSTON, James Mackie Master, Taking in goods for London, and will fall the 10th February.
Excellent accommodation for passengers.
The Master to be spoke with at Mrs Stevenson's, Queen Street, Leith, on board the ship, or at the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.
THE BRIGANTINE SISTERS, JOHN GREIG Master, Lying at Greenock, is ready to take on board goods, and will be clear to sail by the first of March at farthest.
She is a stout vessel, British built, burden about 200 tons, has a Mediterranean pass, and good accommodation for passengers.
For freight or passage, apply to Messrs. Allan and Stewart in Edinburgh, Mr William Donald in Glasgow, or John Stewart and Company, Greenock.
Greenock, Jan. 29. 1789.

This Day is Published,
By PETER HILL, Parliament Square, In two Volumes quarto, price 11. 12s. in boards, or 11. 16s. bound in calf.

An Abridgment of the Public Statutes, IN FORCE AND USE, RELATIVE TO SCOTLAND.
From the Union in the 5th year of Queen Anne to the 27th of his present Majesty King George the Third, (1787) inclusive.

By JOHN SWINTON, Esq; ADVOCATE.
This work, which is upon the same plan with the former Abridgment published in the 1755, includes in general all the acts which regard Scotland, not only as a separate kingdom, but as being part of Great Britain, omitting the acts which concern England as a separate kingdom. It also takes in the following articles, not contained in the former Abridgment, viz. the English Acts upon Treason, extended to Scotland by an act in the 7th year of Queen Anne—The English Duties of Customs and Excise, extended to Scotland by the act of Union, which are now consolidated, and are exhibited in a new table of rates.—Also the whole Consolidated Stamp Duties on various articles, which are exhibited in a complete table thereof.
In this work are to be found the whole additional powers granted to, and the whole additional duty required of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace, since the union of this kingdom with England.
It further contains the acts concerning Statute Services upon the Highways in the several counties of Scotland, which was the more necessary, as generally the titles only of these acts appear in the editions of the statutes at large.
The above additions and improvements, it is hoped, may make this work useful not only to Gentlemen in the profession of the Law, but also in particular to his Majesty's Justices of the Peace, Commissioners of Land Tax, and Trustees on roads and bridges, and generally to all descriptions of a man employed in the revenue, or concerned in trade and manufactures.

N.B. At P. Hill's shop may be had, A Few Scarce Scots Law Books.

BURGH OF FORTROSE.
The 10th day of January 1789 years.

At a Meeting of the MAGISTRATES and TOWN COUNCIL of the said Burgh, held within the Townhall thereof.
RESOLVED UNANIMOUSLY, THAT, being fully sensible of the blessings they enjoy under the Protection of our Laws, framed and supported by the wisdom and energy of the most glorious Constitution on Earth, for the uniform, manly, and spirited Maintenance of these Laws, and the Rights of the Parliament of Great Britain, particularly on the late important Question, respecting the appointment of a Resident, during the Indulgence of our dear and much-beloved Sovereign, the Magistrates and Town Council of the Ancient and Royal Burgh of Fortrose, this day, for the express purpose in Council assembled, beg leave to tender to the Right Honourable WILLIAM PITT, Chancellor of his Majesty's Exchequer, and to all the other steady Friends of Freedom sincere tribute of their most cordial thanks and gratitude.
—And in absence of our Provost Major General Sir Hector Munro, K. B. resolved, That this address be transmitted by our Town-Clerk to him, as our Representative in Parliament, to be by him presented to Mr Pitt; and that it be inserted in the London and St James's Chronicles; and the Edinburgh Evening Courant and Mercury.
Signed, in presence and by appointment of the Magistrates and Council, GEORGE MUNRO, Town-Clerk.

MR HERMAN LION.
No. 48, Nicolson Street, RESPECTFULLY offers his assistance to the Nobility, Gentry, &c. &c. most humbly a quints them, That he extracts CORNS, whether hard, soft, blood, or black, without causing the least pain. His manner of affecting this wonderful operation is accomplished in ten minutes, and his Patients are permitted instantly to follow their respective vocations, without apprehending the least danger; at the same time, he can with safety assert, that the Corn will never return. — NAILS, far grown into the quick, extracted without giving the least pain; — His remedies in the above cases have met the approbation of the Faculty in general, particularly in Great Britain, where he has practised with success. — Certificates of his Cures may be seen at any time when required.
He draws Teeth, and clears the teeth and gums, without pain; rendering those which are discoloured perfectly white, and makes the flesh grow close to the root of the enamel.
He also effectually cures CHILBLAINS, in a manner peculiar to himself, in the space of a few days.

AT MALAGA, FOR LEITH.
THE BRIGANTINE MARGARET AND ANN, JOHN GORDON Master, Will be ready, by the beginning of March next, to proceed from Malaga direct for Leith; and any orders for goods from that place, will be in time if forwarded immediately. — Leith, Jan. 30. 1789.

FOR BOURDEAUX, IN BALLAST.
And to return direct to Leith with what wine or other goods may offer; freight at a per ton.
THE SHIP BACCHUS, Captain James Commander, Will sail in a few days. — For freight or passage, apply to Elder, Archibald and Co. or Martin Moubrey, Wardrop's Court, Lawn-market. Not to be repeated.

For St Kitt's.
The HOPE, John Macmillan Master, to fall by the 16th of February.
For Grenada and St Vincent, The SCIRO, James Ramsay Master, to fall by the 10th February.
For Grenada, The UNION, Duncan Macmillan Master, to fall by the 15th March.
These are very fine ships, and have the best accommodation for passengers, who may apply to Alexander Houtchou and Company in Glasgow, or Malcolm, Ritchie, and Leith in Greenock.

ST ANDREW'S SQUARE.
TO BE SOLD.

A HOUSE in the west side of the Square, No. 17, with or without a coach-house and stable of three stalls, and pump-well in the lane behind it.
If a purchaser inclines it may be entered to at Candlemas next.
It will be let if not sold prior to that period, and may be seen any day after twelve o'clock.
Apply to James Walker, writer to the signet, who has full powers to conclude a bargain.

Archibald Gilchrist and Co.

Haberdashers and Linen-Drapers.
MOST respectfully inform the Public, that they will, by the 1st of May, remove from the shop, presently occupied by them on South Bridge Street, to that large and commodious corner Shop, first land above the Town Church, High Street, Edinburgh.
As they intend to commence business there with AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK of goods, they will, from Monday the 1st of February till that time, sell off their present stock greatly below the current prices.
The whole are lately purchased, and comprehends a complete assortment of new and fashionable Haberdashery, which they can assure the public are worthy of attention.

NEW GLASS SHOP.

ALEXANDER WILLIAMSON respectfully informs his Friends and the Public, that he has lately visited the principal Glass Manufactories both of Scotland and England, where he selected a very large and elegant assortment of

PLAIN AND CUT FLINT GLASS, Which he sells Wholesale and Retail, on very reasonable terms, at his warehouse, No. 43, SOUTH BRIDGE STREET, Edinburgh. — He has also got to hand,

Several sets of very beautiful Derby Spar Vases and Obelisks for drawing room ornaments.
Bells and length Figures in Stucco, of various sizes, highly finished.
Dr Nooth's Glass Apparatus, for making artificial mineral waters, on an improved plan.
Argand's Patent Air Lamps in glass and brass, proper for side-boards. They give an uncommon great light, are easily managed, and though used with common oil, have neither smoke nor smell.
Vase Lamps, for lobbies or shops, elegantly mounted.
Plano ditto, all shapes and sizes.
Imitations of fruit, &c. &c. in marble.
A WILLIAMSON having engaged a capital Glass Cutter, families may have glass cut to their own fancy — also broken sets made up.
Coats of Arms, Crests — and Cyphers, executed in a masterly style.
Dealers will be supplied with any quantity on the same terms as at the manufactory.

The want of a proper glass shop in Edinburgh has been long and justly complained of — A WILLIAMSON, by confining his attention solely to this branch, hopes to be able completely to supply that defect, and trusts the public will continue to honour him with a share of their favours.
Commissioners executed with fidelity and dispatch.

LEITH GLASS WORKS.

THE EDINBURGH GLASS-HOUSE COMPANY continue to carry on their Manufacture at LEITH, in all its various Branches; — and they have just now on hand A complete Assortment of FLINT GLASS, CROWN GLASS, & BOTTLES.

Their Crown Glass will be found of the best quality, and may be had either whole, in Cases, or cut into Squares.
Their Stock of Flint or Crystal Glass, both cut and plain, is large and elegant, consisting of a great variety of Patterns, executed by some of the best Workmen in the kingdom, and will be sold at the lowest manufacturing prices.
Orders addressed to ARCHIBALD GEDDES will be duly attended to.

Spillbury and Smith's Medicines.

JOHN CAW Stationer, head of Lady Stair's Close, Lawn Market, Edinburgh, returns his most respectful compliments to the Public, for their past favours, and hopes for a continuance thereof. He fills continues to sell Spillbury and Smith's Medicines, which (although he has not made a solemn affidavit with respect to their being genuine) he will uphold to be genuine, and will, if required, produce to any person his authority, under the hands of Messrs. Spillbury and Smith themselves. — J. CAW has been in the use of vinding these Medicines for these twelve years past, and never met with any reflection; therefore hopes that the universal satisfaction they have given will still procure him that general sale which he has hitherto had. He again assures the Public, the Medicines are sold genuine, as received from the proprietors, and stamped agreeable to act of Parliament. It is therefore requested, that those in the country will be particular in addressing their orders (head of Lady Stair's Close, Lawn Market, as above) to a number of mistakes happen by which the Public are injured, by taking Medicines not genuine, and therefore hurtful to themselves.
Spillbury's Treastife, 2 s. 6d. and Smith's Ditto, 2 s. 10d. to be had as above.

BURIAL GROUND FOR SALE.

TO BE SOLD.
A Number of BURIAL PLACES in a piece of ground lately added to the Church-Yard of Canongate.
For particulars, enquire of Archibald Millar, coach-maker, treasurer to the Kirk funds of Canongate.

SHIPS FOR SALE AT LEITH.

TO BE SOLD.
THREE NEW VESSELS, Ready to be launched.
One of 125 tons — another of 81 — and the third of 60 tons, all carpenters' new-furniture. — Apply to Mr John Sime, ship builder, Leith.

AT LONDON—FOR LEITH.

THE DIANA, (A New Ship) JAMES CAMPBELL Master, For James Ritchie, No. 17, at Miller's Wharf, Low Burn Street, East of the Town Church, taking in goods for Edinburgh, and all places adjacent on the Forth, deliverable at Leith, will fall the 14th February.
N.B. The ship has very neat accommodation for passengers.
The Master to be spoke with on the Scots W Exchange, and at the New England Coffeehouse.

Kew, Jan. 27.

His Majesty was much disturbed yesterday, has had a restless night, and is not quite this morning.

Notice to Mariners.
THE Light-house lately erected at Port Patrick having, by some unknown accident, been destroyed by fire, a fire of coals is now lighted every night at the pier-head, to prevent vessels from being led astray.

LLOYD'S LIST.—Jan. 27.

THE *Siren*, Hayman, from Jamaica to London, is stranded near Beachy Head; part of the cargo saved.
The *Capitain Gifford*, of the *Peggy*, on her passage from Barcelona to Guernsey, spoke the *Albatross*, from Newcastle to Falmouth, out five weeks, had lost her boats and company, and has thrown part of her cargo overboard.
The *Nelly*, Barton, that was on shore at Liverpool, is got off without damage.
The *Duc de Chartres*, from St Domingo, was lost in the ice, at the entrance of Bourdeaux river, and it is feared very little will be saved.
The *Renns*, Henderson, from Virginia to London or Hull, foundered. The crew taken up by Captain Stevens, of the *Calypso*, from Boston.
The *Ann*, Bell, from London to Nova Scotia, is lost between New Brunswick and Port Shelburn.
The *Lydia*, Lott, from Virginia to North Carolina, is lost, and very few of the crew saved.
The *Princess Royal*, Sherwood, from the Havannah, arrived at Liverpool, drove from her moorings the 24th inst. in a heavy gale at S. W. and went on shore near the fort, where she filled with water.

M A I L S.
Arrived—*Ireland*, 1.
Due—*Ireland*, 3. *Holland*, 2. *Flanders*, 2.

PARLIAMENTARY INTELLIGENCE.
HOUSE OF LORDS.

Monday, Jan. 26.
A message was sent to the Commons, desiring a conference in the Painted Chamber, who having agreed, a Committee was appointed, and their Lordships concurred with the resolutions sent up to the Commons was communicated in the usual form.
Adjourned to Wednesday.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.
Monday, Jan. 26.

Lord Lytton, Lord and Mr. Trevelyan took the oaths and their seats for the county of Surrey, and the town and port of Dover.
CONFERENCE WITH THE LORDS.
A message from the Lords having been delivered, requesting an immediate conference in the Painted Chamber, on the subject matter of their last conference.
Mr. Burke rose and said, that as he understood it was the intention of his Majesty's Ministers to propose a very new and unexpected measure on the subject of the resolutions in the House of Lords, he hoped the Right Hon. Gentleman (Mr. Pitt) would give the House some information on that subject, before they agreed to the conference.
Mr. Pitt said, if the Right Hon. Gentleman wished to ask him what was the next proposition he should have the honour to submit to the House, he certainly would be very willing to give him a satisfactory answer; but he conceived he could not, as a matter of course, presume, to make any previous communication of the business of the House of Lords. Unless the Right Hon. Gentleman, therefore, meant to oppose the conference, he thought it was irregular and unparliamentary to start a question which referred to the proceedings of the other House.
Mr. Burke said he had risen not to oppose the conference, which was now considered only as a matter of form, but for the purpose of information on a subject which he conceived to be of very great importance. The Right Hon. Gentleman had been of late so much accustomed to the discussion of new principles, and so fond of introducing innovations of the constitution, that perhaps he deemed any question of that nature as of very little consequence. Mr. Burke said, he did not pretend to be entirely ignorant of what was in agitation, though he believed it had only been partially communicated to the members of the House. He understood it was in contemplation to move an address to his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, to know whether he was willing to accept of the Regency under the conditions, restrictions, and limitations specified in the resolutions. To such a measure he confessed he entertained the strongest objections, as it was dangerous to one of the first principles of the constitution of the House of Commons, because it went to preclude the freedom of debate; for by pledging the Prince of Wales, in the first instance, to accept of the Regency under the limitations contained in the resolutions, they virtually put an end to any debate which might arise on the bill which was to follow up the resolutions.
Mr. Pitt making no reply, the question was put, that the House do now agree to a conference with the Lords in the Painted Chamber, which passed *unanimously*, and the managers of the former conference, with the addition of William Pulteney, Esq; were appointed to manage the present.

After they returned,
The Marquis of Worcester reported, that the Lords had agreed to the resolutions of the Commons without any amendment.

ADDRESS TO THE PRINCE OF WALES.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer then rose to inform the House, that it was his intention to submit to their consideration a motion for laying before his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, a copy of the resolutions which had been passed by both Houses of Parliament, for the purpose of knowing whether his Royal Highness was willing to accept of the Regency under the terms there mentioned. He said, that understanding there was likely to be some difference of opinion on the propriety of that motion, and that there were some who might be inclined to vote against it, he would now then urge it; but he gave notice, that he would bring forward a motion for that purpose to-morrow.

Mr. Grey expressed much surprise at the extraordinary conduct of the Right Hon. Gentleman. Every day demonstrated that he had no fixed principle; nor did he yet seem to have made up his mind as to the mode he was to pursue for bringing the bill to a conclusion. So frequently shifting his ground, he had occasioned much embarrassment and much delay in their proceedings, which he certainly might have avoided, if his measures had been guided by any fixed principle.

Mr. Pitt said, he did not think it necessary to reply to the accusations of the House of Commons, which he would leave to the judgment of impartial men to determine. To them also he would appeal to whom the charge of delay was imputable. He conceived that the motion which he intended to bring forward, was the natural result of their former proceedings, and therefore it was unfair to assume that he had changed his ground. The object of the motion was only to know whether his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales was willing to accept of the government. Whatever confidential communication might have passed between his Royal Highness and him on that subject, if any such there had been, he could not make the ground of any proceeding in that House. In his opinion, it was necessary for the House to have his Royal Highness's consent before they could put their resolutions into the shape of an act of Parliament.

Mr. Grey said, the House had only to look to the Right Hon. Gentleman's conduct that day to justify the accusation he had brought against him; for surely if any measure was calculated to promote delay and dissension, it was that which the Right Hon. Gentleman had proposed. If it had formed part of his original plan, why had he not consented to communicate it sooner? It would have given Gentlemen an opportunity of coping prepared for such a discussion; but it was obvious that his conduct, from the beginning of the business, had been guided by no fixed principle. Every day, almost every hour, betrayed the wavering of his mind; nor did he seem yet to have determined how he was to proceed so as to attain the completion of his purpose.

Mr. Pitt said, that so far from wishing for delay, he was now ready to enter into the discussion of his motion, if the House desired it.

Mr. Joliffe said, the Right Hon. Gentleman did not seem to have been guided by the principles of good sense, and he recommended to him to take the advice of gentlemen learned in the law.

Mr. Burke ironically complimented Mr. Pitt on the extent of his candour, for he would not even suffer gentlemen on his side of the House to utter their doubts on any measure of his. Confident of his strength, he declined to add the *Fox's tail* to the *Lion's skin*.—He had only to tell them boldly, "Hoc volo, sic jubeo, stat pro ratione voluntas."

A cry of disapprobation coming from the Treasury side of the House—Mr. Burke immediately said, he did not expect any applause from them. It was not the adherents of Cæsar and Oliver Cromwell that found fault with their usurpations; they were the sharers of their spoils, and not the sufferers of their tyranny.

Sir Joseph Maubey supported the Minister; but there was so much noise and confusion in the House, that his speech could not be distinctly heard.

Here this conversation ended.

The order of the day for going into a Committee on the State of the Nation, was discharged, and a new order made for Wednesday.

Mr. Sheridan wished to know, before the House adjourned, what the Right Hon. Gentleman meant to do with regard to the Commissioners to be appointed for giving the Royal assent to the bill which was to follow up the resolutions. He had understood it was intended to propose that the Prince of Wales should be one of the Commissioners. He hoped the Right Hon. Gentleman would inform the House whether that would form a part of his motion to-morrow; this was material to know, because it was very possible, that though his Royal Highness might accept the Regency, he might decline being appointed one of the Commissioners. He also wished to know if he intended to make any communication in the intended address for limiting the duration of the restrictions, as notice had been given that a clause to that effect was intended to be moved when the bill was brought in.

Mr. Pitt said, that the House could make no communication in their address that was not specified in the resolutions.—Adjourned.

TUESDAY, Jan. 27.

AT half past four, the House loudly called for the Speaker to take the Chair, and for the order of the day to be read. The Speaker immediately came from an adjoining room, and took the chair; but it was some time before the Minister made his appearance.

The five resolutions concerning the Regency, passed last week, being read by the Clerk.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer rose to move, that a Committee of the Commons do attend the Prince of Wales, and communicate to him the resolutions lately passed for supplying the defect in the executive department, by which his Royal Highness is empowered to act as Regent, under certain limitations, which the circumstances of the case seem at present to require; and that this Committee do signify to his Royal Highness the desire of the Commons that he will accept of the government for the benefit of the nation, during his Majesty's indisposition, as soon as a bill shall have passed for vesting him with the Royal power, as limited and restricted by the above resolutions. He prefaced this motion with observing, that the mode he now proposed appeared to him to be the most regular that could be adopted: A private communication to the Prince would not be a proper ground for the proceedings of the House; for which reason he thought no solid objection could be made to his motion. However, from what he had heard in the House yesterday, some difference of opinion would probably arise; and as he did not know the particular nature of the objections that would be started, he would defer any further remarks on the subject till he had heard the sentiments of gentlemen upon it.

Sir Grey Cooper observed, that the proposal now submitted by the Right Hon. Gentleman was to serve as a sort of interlude, to amuse them before the final settlement of the Regency. For his part, he thought this step unnecessary as well as improper; unnecessary as a preliminary to the Regency Bill, and improper in point of time and substance. The public had already before them the sentiments of the Prince on the business of the Regency; and the answer received from him by the Right Hon. Gentleman, might be laid before the House as a State paper. He conceived that, if any public communication should be made by the House to his Royal Highness, the most proper time would be after the Regency Bill should have passed through a Committee of the whole House; the bill itself might then be communicated to him. The present motion had too much the appearance of an attempt to preclude the deliberation of the House on the bill in question, in its progress through its several stages.

Lord Belgrave denied that the measure now proposed would preclude future deliberation on the regency bill. He thought it very proper, that the House, instead of proceeding upon what had passed without doors, should procure a formal answer from the Prince. This step was not only the most regular, but the most consistent with the dignity of the House.

Sir John Swinburne thought this communication should have taken place at an earlier period.

The Hon. Mr. Ryder spoke in favour of the motion. With respect to the House pledging itself to the continued support of the resolutions, this measure would only pledge them not to increase the restrictions which those resolutions contained.

Sir Charles Gould took notice of the great irregularity which would be shown in passing a bill, not only when the third estate was deficient, but when one of the other branches of the legislature, namely, the House of Commons, remained in a state of temporary imperfection, on account of the Speaker's not having been approved of by the executive branch, whose approbation of the choice of the Commons ought to precede any parliamentary business to be done in that House.

Colonel Phipps was of opinion, that the present period was the most proper stage for addressing the Prince, as a medium between the two extremes.—He would therefore support the motion of the Right Hon. Gentleman.

Mr. Alderman Newnham conceived that the resolutions communicated to the Prince ought to be accompanied with one, stating the supposed time that the restrictions were meant to continue. Could the House, with propriety, address his Royal Highness on this occasion, without stating whether the system was only a temporary one, or whether it was to be permanent? He thought there would be a manifest want of candour in a communication so imperfect.

Mr. Grey renewed the charges he had made yesterday against the Minister, of want of system, and a wish for delay. With regard to the immediate object of the motion, he wished that the respect which the Prince had been displayed in a prior stage of this business, the answer of his Royal Highness was not necessary towards the further proceedings of the two Houses of Parliament; and the formal communication now proposed would preclude all future deliberations on the purpose of the resolutions. This was a precedent that ought not to be adopted. He then adverted to a proposition made on a former day by Mr. Pulteney, for making the regency annual; a proposal which struck his mind as highly unconstitutional, since it tended to destroy the monarchical government of the country, and introduce a republican form of administration. As to the mode before suggested for giving the royal assent to the regency bill, he did not approve of it by any means, and would therefore recommend another method to the House, which was to make the Prince of Wales Regent immediately, that he might give the royal assent, which was thus required.—He next took notice of the address made to the Right Hon. Gentleman, on which, he said, very little stress could be laid; for, except the address from the county of Devon, there was not one which was not attended with such influences of tumult and disorder, as rendered it doubtful whether the majority of persons present were in favour of the Right Hon. Gentleman or otherwise. The county which he had the honour to represent (Northumberland) had acted a more justifiable part than to vote an address to one who had infringed the constitution of his country—they, on the contrary, had voted thanks to their two Representatives, for their opposition to that gentleman's proceedings.—An Hon. Baronet (Sir Joseph Maubey) had yesterday represented the public opinion as extremely favourable to the Right Hon. Gentleman; but he hoped that he did not collect his idea of that favourable opinion from the sentiments of the county which he represented (Surrey) as manifested by their late election, and which would probably be further displayed in no friendly bias to the Right Hon. Gentleman at the next General Election, (alluding to the probable rejection of Sir Joseph at that period).

Mr. Brandling represented the meeting of the Freeholders of Northumberland as a tumultuous assembly; for which reason he thought the sense of the county was not properly collected at that meeting. The conduct of the High Sheriff, on this occasion, was, he said, *pusillanimous* and *contemptible*.

For these expressions he was called to order by Mr. Francis and Mr. Bouverie; upon which he said that he meant no personal reflections, *(he said laughingly)* and alluded only to the public character of the High Sheriff. He was proceeding to animadvert on the Northumberland meeting, when

Mr. Bouverie again called him to order, for derivation from the question before the House.

The Speaker, however, justified Mr. Brandling, on the ground that he was only replying to what had been thrown out on that subject by another honourable gentleman (Mr. Grey).

Sir Joseph Maubey, in reply to Mr. Grey, expatiated on his influence among the freeholders of Surrey, and expressed himself morally certain of his being re-elected by them at the next general election.

Mr. Bouverie called Sir Joseph to order for digressing; and the House became, for a few moments, exceedingly tumultuous. After the Speaker had endeavoured to enforce order, Sir Joseph spoke in support of the motion.

Lord William Russell agreed to the opinion stated by his honourable friend (Mr. Grey), with regard to the motion.

Mr. Martin, Mr. Fitzherbert, Mr. Vyner, Mr. Loveden, and Mr. Bouverie, said each a few words to the question.

Mr. Sheridan rose to move an amendment, drawn from the Minister's letter to the Prince of Wales. The purport of it was, that the Prince should be informed, that the restrictions were formed on the supposition that his Majesty's illness, is only temporary, and may be of no long duration. He thought the Right Hon. Gentleman could have no objection to this amendment of his motion, as it was proper to state to the Prince, whether the system was to be permanent or not.

Mr. Pitt objected to the amendment, as it was clear from the following words of this motion, viz. "as the circumstances of the case seem at present to require," that the system was adapted to the present exigency, and was consequently open to reconsideration at a future period: the amendment was therefore superfluous. He then remarked on some absurd reports which had been propagated, particularly one respecting a disunion among his Majesty's confidential servants. For this rumour, he said, there was not the smallest foundation. An honourable gentleman (Mr. Grey) had charged him with want of respect to the Prince of Wales—a charge which he was ready to answer in a satisfactory manner.—He declared that he had never deviated in any one instance from that respect which he conceived to be due to a personage of his rank; but he thought himself justified in considering his regard for the constitution and the people of England as paramount to the respect due to any individual in the kingdom.

Mr. Grey stated three instances of disrespect shown by the Minister to the Prince; from all which, however, the latter vindicated himself.

Mr. Burke contended that the Right Hon. Gentleman had been guilty of disrespectful behaviour to the Prince in several instances. He then threw out some strictures on the five resolutions, which, he said, seemed to have been meant by the framers of them as an attempt to introduce republican principles; but the attempt was so wretched, that it was rather a burlesque than a good imitation of a republican model.—Mr. Burke made many other remarks, and concluded with expressing his wish, that the ambitious designs of an aspiring Minister might be effectually baffled, and might terminate in that shame and disgrace which they so justly merited.

Mr. Sheridan then moved an addition to his own amendment, stating, "that it will be open hereafter to the wisdom of Parliament to reconsider the restrictions whenever the circumstances appear to call for it."

He afterwards agreed to withdraw the former part of his amendment, and moved that there should only which he had just stated should be added to the Minister's motion.

Mr. Sheridan's new amendment was then put, and negatived without a division.

The Minister now moved, that a Committee of the Commons be deputed to wait on the Queen with the fifth resolution, relative to the power which is to be vested in her.

This motion, after a few words from Mr. Burke, was agreed to without a division.

At half past nine o'clock, the House adjourned till to-morrow; after having ordered that a Conference should then be desired with the Lords.

L O N D O N, — Jan. 28.

A general consultation of all the physicians attending his Majesty will be held on Sunday morning next at Kew.

The interview which was to have taken place this morning between his Majesty and his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, is now postponed to Saturday next.

It was long before the Lord Chancellor and Mr. Pitt could prevail on the Queen to take an active part in the government. Had she been formerly of the opinion she is at present, it was their intention to make her sole Regent. Now, however, our present minister, while out of office, will have such a check upon the future administration, that they can do nothing but what is agreeable to his wishes.

Last night, a messenger was sent off to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, acquainting his Grace of the dangerous situation of his Majesty's health.

Yesterday morning his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales held a council at his palace at Carlton House, in consequence of a message which passed last night from the King's Cabinet and efficient ministers in both Houses of Parliament.

The Prince of Wales means to part with his stud, a small reserve excepted. This determination proves inherent wisdom and propriety.

His Royal Highness the Duke of York has begun a series of public dinners to the Ministry at twenty at a time, at York-house, Whitehall, and proposes going through the whole in that manner.

The Duchess of Gordon had a grand rout at her house in Pall Mall, on Friday night; among which were present his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales and the Duke of York.

The Lord Lieutenant of Ireland has discharged all the Dublin debtors imprisoned for less than 10 l. He has thus expended 2000 l.

Mr. Fox, on account of his indisposition, has gone for a few days to Bath.

The Britannia East India man, Capt. Guming, is arrived at Portsmouth, where her final dispatches are to be sent down previous to her sailing for India.

Mr. Cleland, who died last week, was the repu-

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ed, and, it is said, the acknowledged author of the *Memories of a Woman of Pleasure*, a work that has perhaps done more to corrupt the morals of the rising generation, than the whole train of profligate publications since the appearance of that offensive production. The author was formerly Consul at Smyrna, where it is supposed he imbibed the licentious principles which his immoral work so earnestly inculcates. It is a curious circumstance, that, tho' the author of the work alluded to has endeavoured to portray the natural passions in an alluring title of colouring, his own propensities were not supposed to be in exact correspondence with them. Whether this suspicion was deferred or not, it certainly proved so injurious to his character, that for many years he found it most agreeable and convenient to lead a life of seclusion. He was well known as a political writer, and used to send his speculations on public affairs to the Public Advertiser for many years past; under the title of *A Briton*. Though a man of the world, and a good scholar, these papers were distinguished for the length of their periods, and the affected pedantry of the style, inasmuch that it was difficult to conjecture his meaning, even with a second perusal, which was not always successful. His arguments were often strong, but his manner peculiarly abusive. He is said to have been near 90 years of age at the time of his death.

PRICE OF STOCKS, JAN. 28.
Bank Stock, 169½.
New 4 per cent. 1277, 93½.
1894.
3 per cent. Ann. 1285, 110½.
4 1094 = 4.
3 per cent. red. 72½ = 4.
3 per cent. con. 72½ = 72½.
3 per cent. 1276.
Long Ann.
Ditto Short 1278 and 1279.
1281.
Toda Stock.
WIND AT DEAL, JAN. 27. W. S. W.

EDINBURGH.

New House, Jan. 28.
"His Majesty became quiet yesterday, has had a good night, and is quiet this morning."
R. Warren.
T. Gilborne.
F. Willis.

On Monday was married at Glasgow, Mr Andrew Macculloch, merchant in Ayr, to Miss Janet Douglas, daughter of Mr Andrew Douglas, hosiery in that city.

John Kinloch, Esq; of Kinloch, died at Nice the 24th instant.

Died, on the 27th instant, Mr Hugh Cheape, merchant in Leith.

Tuesday, died Mr William Lang senior, merchant, and formerly one of the magistrates of Glasgow.

A duel was fought on Wednesday afternoon, behind St. Anthony's Chapel in the King's Park, between Mr J. W. and Mr C. H. Advocates. After the Gentlemen had fired two pistols each, the Hon. Mr J. H. and Mr A. F. of C. their seconds interposed, and the matter was settled; we are assured, much to the honour of both parties. We understand, that the quarrel originated from Mr H. in his pleading in the cause of Mr Fennel against Mr Wilde and others, having used expressions which Mr Wilde, and several other Gentlemen, considered as personal to them. These Gentlemen thinking it improper to call Mr H. to account separately, agreed to settle who should do it, by throwing the dice, and accordingly it fell to the part of Mr W. We publish this by authority of the seconds.

Yesterday being the Anniversary of King Charles's Martyrdom, the same was observed as a holiday at the Courts of Justice, Banks, and Public Offices.

PROSECUTOR-GENERAL, &c. against JOHNSON, &c.
The persevering exertions of the Magistrates, of this city, to relieve society of those unfortunate individuals that so much oppress it, has in no instance, within our recollection, more deserved the approbation of the Public, than their decision of Tuesday last, pronounced against John Johnson, designing himself a writer, and three of his catapoles, a copy of which decision we have procured, and now lay before the Public. The oppressions committed by this man of the law have been long the subject of much heart-felt distress and misery among the lower orders of the people; and he appears to have been formed by nature, in his person as well as disposition, to be a scourge and instrument to carry these diabolical practices, which are a dishonour to the law, and disgrace to good neighbourhood, into execution. This last attempt, which has now completely filled up the cup of his iniquity, we give for the information of our readers:—

An eminent milliner in the city had the misfortune to have in her service a young girl of bad behaviour, who, besides other acts of imprudence, she alleged, was in the practice of making and selling articles from her mistress's materials. A Jean Watt had procured a black bonnet in this way, of which the girl's mistress had got information; and, having called upon Watt, to be satisfied of the fact, she immediately knew the materials of which the bonnet was made to be her property; and, with Watt's consent, took the bonnet to her own shop—this happened in May last.—Mr Johnson was very shortly after this consulted upon the case, and, by his advice, a petition was made month drawn up by himself, and presented to his Majesty's Justices of the Peace; in the name of Jean Watt, accusing the Lady of felony, and craying a warrant to imprison her. This warrant was accordingly granted, but, notwithstanding her finding caution; and 48 hours were allowed to do so, after notice of the warrant was given to her. Matters lay over in this state from 21st May to the 19th November, without a step being farther taken, either by Jean Watt, or her adviser Mr Johnson, when he caused Macintosh, a messenger, to serve a copy of this petition upon her. Bail was instantly found, and notice given the messenger of it.

This did not accord either with the messenger's or Mr Johnson's views; and therefore, upon the 17th

of that month, Mr Johnson, accompanied by Macintosh the messenger, John Tapp, and Robert Penn, proceeded to the lady's house, where they found her and her maid. Tapp made fast the door, and Johnson, assisted with his men, instantly, without further ceremony or intimation, dragged her through her own dining-room, and from thence along the passage, to the door of her house, in order to force her to prison. The cries of the lady and the maid brought women to their assistance; but, by this time, the maid had fallen into a faint, and the lady into an hysterical delirium, in which state she continued for many days. This an eminent physician swore to upon the trial; also that he found many marks of violence upon her, when he was examined about fourteen days ago, and that she was not then recovered. The cries of murder from the lady's house alarmed some gentlemen passing, and, on their appearance in the stair, Mr Tapp, who was sentinel, made his escape. A friend of the lady having had notice given him of her situation, immediately repaired to her house, and arrived opportunely to prevent the others from making their escape, which he effectually did, by locking them within the house along with himself, until the Guard came, and carried them away prisoners. A prosecution immediately commenced, and though every endeavour has been made by Johnson and his confederates, first by soliciting delays, and afterwards by application to the Court of Session, to evade that punishment they so justly merited; after a full investigation of this infamous business, a sentence has been very properly pronounced, which, it is hoped, will put a stop to the measures and proceedings carried on by those gentlemen, and other practitioners of their description, that have been the cause of ruin and misery to many an industrious, though unhappy family. Such a specimen as these defenders exhibited for witnesses in their exculpation, as practitioners before the Justice of Peace Court, are not to be equalled in any part of Britain.

There is little doubt, but an endeavour will be made by the culprits to the Supreme Court, for an alteration or mitigation of the punishment. As, however, their Lordships have, for some time past, uniformly supported the decisions of the Magistrates, whose sole motive, as well as their Lordships, seems to be a steady attention to the good of the public and the inhabitants of this city; we hope, that they will still concur with them in this good work.

We shall now give the judgment without farther remark:—

"Find it proved that, time libelled, the defendant, John Johnson, was guilty of repeated acts of assault and battery upon the person of the private complainant, aggravated by the same having been committed in her own house, and aggravated also by the same having been committed under cover of night, and under colour of law: Find it proven, that Robert Penn was aiding and assisting in one of these acts of assault and battery: Find it proven, that Peter Macintosh and John Tapp, the other defendants, were aiding and assisting in the assault and battery libelled, by which assault and battery, the private complainant was put in the terror and the imminent danger of her life: And therefore do decree and adjudge the whole defendants, excepting J. Watt, to be carried from the bar to the tolbooth of this city, therein to be detained, the said John Johnson, until Wednesday the 11th day of February next; and, on that day, do decree and adjudge the said John Johnson to be brought forth of said tolbooth to the platform or place on the west end thereof, now appointed as a place of common execution in the city of Edinburgh, and, betwixt the hours of ten and twelve in the forenoon, there to receive on his naked shoulders fifty lashes by the hands of the common hangman, and thereafter ordain him to be set at liberty; and do perpetually banish him this city and liberties thereof; with certification, if ever hereafter he shall be found therein, he will be recommitted to the said tolbooth, and there confined for six months, whipt publicly through the High Street of this city, and again for ever banished. Ordain the said Peter Macintosh to be detained in prison for the space of two calendar months from this date, and fed on bread and water only during the said space; at the elapse whereof, do banish the said Peter Macintosh forth of this city and liberties for the space of five years; with certification, that if he shall at any time be found therein during the said period, he will be recommitted to the said tolbooth, and there confined for the space of six months, whipt publicly through the High Street of this city, and again banished for a like space of five years. Ordain the said John Tapp and Robert Penn to be detained in the said tolbooth for the space of two calendar months, and thereafter until they severally find caution to keep the peace for the space of three years; and adjudge the defendant Jean Watt: Find the whole defendants, John Johnson, Peter Macintosh, John Tapp, and Robert Penn, jointly and severally liable in expenses, and to satisfy the same to Seven Pounds Sterling, and the expense of extract; and do decree."

The Magistrates were attended on this occasion by three of their assessors, and wore all their robes and gowns. After judgment was given, Mr Duncan Hepburn, the presiding assessor, delivered a pathetic address and admonition to each of the defendants, with a forcible exhortation to all around, nearly in the following words:—

John Johnson—"The cup of your iniquity is now full.—For several years past you have been a pest and nuisance to society.—Your life has been no less disgraceful to yourself, than pernicious and destructive to such as have been unfortunate enough to have had any connection with you.—You are now to suffer that punishment which is due to your crimes. I cannot say that ever I remember of having seen a more disgraceful-exculpation proof than what was attempted by you.—Witnesses brought forward to exculpate their own guilty acts, and the repeated punishments inflicted on them on these occasions.—I trust that some of these witnesses are now in Court, in order to hear that punishment which is to be inflicted on you, and that they may take a warning, and desist from such practices in future."—

Peter Macintosh—"You seem to have mistaken your profession, having neither abilities nor educa-

tion sufficient to qualify you for acting as a messenger. This had led you into the company of the most worthless; and the business you have been employed in, it would appear, has been always of the lowest and oppressive kind. You have been actively concerned in the present disgraceful attack, and must now suffer that punishment which is due to your crimes. I trust that you will endeavour, in the future part of your life, to make amends for your past offences, and that your present unfortunate situation will prove a useful lesson to others."

Robert Penn—"From the nature of your business, keeping a tippling-house, and selling spirits, you also are subject to be led into bad company; and I am sorry to say, that you have taken too active a part in the present affair. I hope that you will consider to what disgrace such practices have brought you; and that you will seriously resolve to amend your life, and give over forming such connections. Whilst you behave as a good citizen, you will ever have the support of the Magistrates, and the approbation of a good conscience."

John Tapp—"I make now a similar address to you.—Your punishment is to be the same with Robert Penn's, and I would fain hope, that it will have an equal good effect on you both, and make a stronger impression on your minds, than it appears to have upon that hardened companion of yours Johnson, who seems to be very little affected with his present disgraceful situation."

The numerous jury trials now before the Court of Justiciary, Court of Exchequer, High Sheriff of Edinburgh, Sheriff of the county, and Court of Admiralty, is an additional argument to those formerly mentioned, for extending the list of jurymen as wide as possible. The constables should be very pointed in giving in the names of every person within their bounds proper to serve as jurymen.

Last week, Andrew Stirling, Esq; of Drumpellier, generously gave twenty guineas, and thirty carts of coals, (twelve hundred weight each cart) to be distributed amongst poor families in Glasgow. He has likewise distributed thirty carts of coals among the poor in the parish of Old Monkland.

The Kingston, Richard Gardner, from London, arrived at Leith this day, all well.

The Peggy and Elizabeth, James Wood master, from London, bound for Leith, was put into Holy Island by strong gales of westerly wind, 27th inst.

The effects of the severe weather are quite gone. The Clyde is now open, and the snow has disappeared.

Saturday night last, a man riding home, having mislaid his way, unfortunately fell into the Clyde near Hamilton, and was drowned.

The inhabitants of Cork experienced, on Saturday evening, most dreadful effects of a sudden thaw, accompanied by rain, which succeeded the late heavy fall of snow. With exception of the parts situated on the higher grounds, the whole city was under water, so as to admit boats to ply in the principal streets. Several of the merchants and citizens have sustained very heavy losses. The ships at the quay, &c. likewise received much injury, and the new bridge across the Lee, building under the direction of Mr Shannon, an arch of which gave way to a torrent, and attended with such generally calamitous circumstances, has not been remembered by the oldest inhabitants.

Extract of a letter from Belfast, Jan. 15.

"Tuesday last came on one of the most violent snow-storms at E. S. E. remembered for many years. Several vessels were driven on shore, but we hear of no lives being lost."

Extract of a letter from Dublin, Jan. 24.

"The independent interest intend to simplify the business of the Regent, and rid it, if possible, of all these embarrassments which have clogged it in England. The mode will be by motion of address to the Prince, to accept the regency without limitation. At the head of this body stand Mr Gratian and Mr Forbes."

Extract of a letter from Ayr, Jan. 19.

"Tuesday last came on one of the heaviest snow storms ever remembered, wind E. S. E. which drove a large flunging cutter, called the Flora, of Girvan, Edward Rogers master, from her anchors in Ballantrae bay. She since foundered on a ridge of rocks on the north of Ireland, called the Hillands of Litra, and every person perished, being 42 in number. The Flora was a fine new cutter, and this was only her first voyage from Renfrew, in France. The loss of this vessel will be very hard upon the owners, as she and the cargo were valued at 4000 l."

Thermometer and Barometer since our last:

	Therm.	Bar.
Thursday, Jan. 29 8 P. M.	46	29.74
Friday, — 30 8 A. M.	51	29.70
— 8 P. M.	49	29.70
Saturday, — 11 8 A. M.	52	29.50

PRICES OF GRAIN AT HADDINGTON, Jan. 30.

	First.	Second.	Third.
Wheat,	21s. 6d.	21s. 0d.	20s. 6d.
Barley,	14 6	13 0	10 6
Oats,	10 3	9 0	8 0
Peas,	9 0	8 0	7 0
Beans,	10 0	0 0	0 0
Rye,	10 0	0 0	0 0

ARRIVED AT LEITH.

Jan. 29. Glasgow, Miller, from London, goods.
Gaidner, Cruickshanks, from Stromness, herrings.
Industry, Black, from St. Andrew's, grain.
Leith Packet, Davidson, from Aberdeen, goods.
Four vessels with coals.

On Tuesday next will be Published, price 8d. sewed, and Sold by W. LAING, Head of Canongate; W. Anderson, Strilings; and J. Duncan, Glasgow.

THE REVOLUTION.

THE WORK OF GOD, AND A CAUSE OF JOY.

Two Sermons, delivered in Bristo Street Meeting-house, November 5, 1788.

BY JAMES PADDIE.

AND SOLD BY A. POINIER, LOST.

On Thursday night, A Young Pointer Dog. He is, of a middling size, white, with liver-colored spots, and one of his ears very much mutilated. He answers to the name of MARQUESS.
Whoever brings the said Dog to Mr Fotheringham, Frederick Street, shall receive Half-a-guinea reward, and 20 guineas will be asked.

Heritors and Kirk Session, Leith.
THE HERITORS and KIRK SESSION of SOUTH LEITH, will please meet at the Kirk of South Leith on Tuesday next, at twelve o'clock noon.
Leith, January 29, 1789.

To the Curious and Inquisitive in Natural History
THIS day is opened, at No. 31, South Bridge Street, an Exhibition of BIRDS, FISHES, SERPENTS, and INSECTS, to be seen from eleven to three o'clock. Admission, One Shilling, or Ten Shillings and Sixpence to Subscribers, for six months, who have admittance every lawful day from this date. The proprietor proposes, if he meets with encouragement, to make a Collection, containing the whole of the British Zoology, and to class them in their proper order, which will not only be a very great Entertainment to the curious, but a great Ornament to this city. Smelly Gentlemen who have made the tour of Europe, and seen the Museums and Cabinets of the different kingdoms, have given it as their opinion, that the above specimens are no ways inferior to any they ever saw. As to the Fishes, the method of preservation is entirely his own invention.
The proprietor proposes, if he should get twenty persons, who are desirous to learn the art of preserving Birds, he will teach them for three guineas each, and the art of preserving Fishes, to the like number of persons, at the same price.
Every person paying as above his guinea, he will engage to instruct in six weeks, or two months, so that he shall be able to do them as well as the proprietor, who has for thirty years been much employed in finding out the most proper methods of preservation.

To be sold at the same place, a beautiful MODEL of the Holy Sepulchre, and of St Mary's Bethlechem, made of Olive Wood, Ivory and Mother of Pearl, by a most ingenious artist, who executed them on the spot, and took him twenty years to finish.
Also a few original PAINTINGS, and a very fine reflecting TELESCOPE, an electrical Machine, two fine Sienna Marble Slabs, three Urns, some fine Figures in Bronze, Wood, Plaster, &c. &c.

GAVIN.
ENGRAVER and COPPERPLATE PRINTER,
South-east corner of the Parliament Square, Edinburgh.
Performs the various branches of his business in the neatest manner.

SILVER-PLATE ENGRAVING.
Crests and Coronets 6s.—Crests 4s. per dozen.
Arms and Ornamental Work in proportion.

SEAL ENGRAVING.
Crests—Cyphers—Arms—and Devices on Metal.

Copperplates in hand for Bookbinders.

28 Cuts for Tooke's Pantheon, new.

Set of Cuts for Don Quixotte, 4 vols.

— Ditto for Harvey's Medications.

— Ditto for Spectator, 8 vols.

— Ditto for Thomson's Seasons, with head.

— Ditto for Gentle Shepherd, with head.

— Ditto for the History 300 Animals.

— Ditto for Poetage Arms, Almanack use, neat and new.

Head of Cambray, frontispiece Young's Night Thoughts.

A New Copy Book, round text.

Sundry other Plates, all which will either be disposed of, or any number of impressions finished from them upon very moderate terms.

Plans reduced and engraved most accurately.

Commissions from the country carefully attended to.

TO SET OR SELL.

THAT large BUILDING at the east end of Hope Park, consisting of a sunk storey, four flats, and an attic storey. In each flat seven rooms, Kitchen, four bed closets, eight smaller ditto, with two cellars, and will accommodate a large family. The two principal rooms 19 x 11½ by 16 x 11½; the bed rooms also of a good size; all answer equally well for a smaller family, each flat divided into two; three three rooms: Kitchen, two bed closets, four smaller ditto, and a bath and well; and to the east annexe, a view of the Frith of Forth, and the country adjacent. Apply to William Alexander, cabinet-maker, Bristo Street, the proprietor.

N. B. The above subject was finished at Whitsunday last, and is now well seasoned and in good order.

TO BE SOLD.

THAT House being the second and third Stories of the Scale Stairs in the Old Assembly Close, connected by a handsome Mahogany Stair within.

The house consists of a dining room and drawing room, each 23 feet by 16—eight bed rooms—Kitchen, larder, and pantry—with two good garrets and three cellars.

The kitchen is fitted with a perpetual oven and water pipe, and the whole subject is insured in the Friendly Insurance Office upon the old plan, and the premium paid up.

The house to be seen every Tuesday and Friday from twelve to two o'clock.

For particulars, apply to Mr Scott, banker, second door of the stair.

TO BE SOLD by public roup, upon Monday the 2d day of February next, within John's Coffeehouse, Parliament Square, between five and six o'clock in the afternoon.

That House, No. 36, on the east side of St Andrew's Square, New Town, with coach-house, stables, and plot of grass at the back thereof, having a pipe of water, with several other conveniences, and are presently possessed by Neil Ferguson, Esq; Advocate, the proprietor. The house is elegantly and substantially fitted up.

The progress is quite clear; and the same, with the articles and conditions of sale, to be seen in the hands of Walter Ferguson writer, Buchanan's Court, Lawnmarket, Edinburgh, who will inform as to every other particular wanted.

N. B. The house to be seen upon Tuesday and Friday, from twelve to three o'clock.

HOUSE TO BE SOLD.

To be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 2nd day of February next, between the hours of five and six afternoon.

THE DWELLINGHOUSE near the head of Forceter's Wynd, possessed by the late Mr Leonard Urquhart, writer to the signet, consisting of six fire rooms, closets, kitchen, and two cellars, insured in the Friendly Insurance, upon the old plan, and the premium paid up.

If the house is not sold it will be let, and may be entered into immediately.

The articles and conditions of sale to be seen in the hands of Charles Stewart, writer to the signet, who has power to conclude a private bargain before the day of sale.

FARMS IN TWEEDALE.

To be LET, upon a Lease for nineteen years from the first of Whitsunday next.

THE LANDS of EASTER DAWICK, NEWHOLM, HOPE, EASTER LANGHAUGH and WESTER LANGHAUGH, and DOILABURN, lying in the shire of Peebles, as the same were possessed by the late Walter Simpson.

There is a good Steading of Houses upon the farm of Easter Dawick.

The whole of the above lands will be let either together, or in two separate farms, in which case the proprietor will agree to build a Steading of houses upon the lands of Langhaugh.

Proposals may be given in writing for the said farms, (to be sent and the 1st of April next,) to Sir James Nasmyth, Bart. at New Pello, by Peebles, the proprietor; or to Francis and John Anderson, writers to the signet, George Street, Edinburgh. Such offers as are not accepted will be concealed.

Dalhousie Bleachfield 1789.
Five miles from Edinburgh.
WILLIAM DOUGLAS bleaches at the following prices, viz. all plain Linen, yard-broad or under, woven in or below a



900 reed, not full white, 1d.
900, full white, 2d.
1000, 2d.
1100, 3d.
1200, 3d.
1300 & 1400, 4d.
1500 & 1600 & all above, 4d.
Long Lawns or Cambrics, 4d.
Damasks and Tweeds, 4d.
Cottons and Diapers, 3d.

All above yard broad charged in proportion to its breadth.
Cloth taken in at Edinburgh by the following gentlemen, viz.

Messrs. John Douglas, hat-maker, near the Cross-Well; George Boyd, merchant, Lawn-market; William Carnochan, grocer in Rose Street, New Town, No. 17; Montgomery and Steel, confectioners in Prince's Street; Robert Burns, grocer, head of Skinner's Close; John Malcolm, stabler, head of Canongate; Mrs. Turnbull, auctioneer, foot of Stephen's Close, Cowgate; William McFarling, weaver, Cattlehill; William Wemyss, bookbinder, and Alexander Clerk, haberdashery, Grae-market; Archibald Caverhill, grocer, high the corner of Merchant Street; Mrs. Anderson, milliner, George Street; John Paterson, weaver, Causeway-side; George Russell, in ditto; Miss Straiton, milliner, Bunnet's Land, St. Andrew's Street, Leith; Robert Maving, stabler, St. Bernard's Street, Leith; Bailie Johnston, merchant in Anstruther; Convener Brown, in Crail; John Cathie, merchant in Musselburgh; Charles Anderson, merchant in Prestonpans; Andrew Ormiston, Gullion; Benjamin Simpson, merchant, Dalkeith; David Mathison, candlemaker in ditto; Stephen Hillop, weaver in Lugton; Bailie Hillop, merchant in Peebles; Andrew Ballantine, merchant, West Linton; William Chisholm, merchant, Jedburgh; William Lamb, merchant, Selkirk; John Hunter, weaver in Middleton; Mrs. Smith, Liberton-Kirk.
Like wife orders left at Anderson and Co. Edinburgh Intelligence Office, head of Powis Close; and at the Bleachfield, where the Cloth is attended with the greatest care, and returned soon.

INN AT CUPAR ANGUS TO LET.
To be let for such number of years as shall be agreed on, and entered to at Whitunday 1789.

That Large and Commodious Inn at Cupar Angus, with the Gardens, Stables, and Office-houses, as lately occupied by the deceased Adam Little, late tenant thereof. In case the tenant incline, the proprietor can also accommodate him with some adjacent grounds, and about 24 acres of land situated near to it.

The above inn is so well known, that any description of it would be almost superfluous. It lies upon the great north post road leading from Edinburgh to Aberdeen, and, from its central situation, and other advantages, great benefit accrues to any tenant.

For further particulars application may be made to William Henderson of Summerhall, by Cupar Angus, the proprietor, John Adamson, writer in Edinburgh, or to Charles Hay, writer in Cupar Angus, who are to receive proposals for a let of the said Inn, betwixt the 13th February next, which will be kept private, if desired.

Sale of House and Parks of Dalry.
To be sold by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, upon Wednesday the 13th day of March next, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon.

THE HOUSE AND PARKS OF DALRY, situated about half-a-mile west of the city of Edinburgh. The parks consist of about 14 acres, very rich ground, exclusive of one acre which has been sowed out at 9 1/2 yearly, the duty-duty of which is to be sold along with the lands. The house consists of three stories; in the first ground floor, there is a very good dining room, small room off it, servants hall & a range of very good cellars; in the second story, there is a large drawing room, and three bed rooms with closets; and in the third story, there is a large room for a library, and three bed rooms with closets. Without the house is a kitchen, with two very good servants rooms over it, and two cellars, one for coals, the other for alms. The Offices consist of a coach house, stables for ten or twelve horses, and a byre, with hay-lofts and servants apartments. These subjects hold of the Crown for payment of a feu-duty of about 4 s. yearly. They are liable to no public burdens, excepting the land tax and about 4 s. yearly of stipend; and they have right to a family-seat in the body of the West Church, and to a seat for servants in the gallery.

John Tait, writer to the signet, Park-Place, will inform as to further particulars. The premises will be shown upon applying at the house of Dalry from twelve to three o'clock every day.

LANDS IN FIFE.

TO BE SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 13th day of March next, betwixt the hours of five and seven afternoon.

LOT I.
The Lands and Barony of BALGARVIE, lying in the parishes of Monymay and Cupar, and within a quarter of a mile of the town of Cupar, with or without (as purchasers may incline) about 40 acres of Cupar muir, planted about 30 years ago, which are in a thriving condition, and will be soon ready for cutting.

The present free-rent of these lands is about 406 l. Sterling; but all the farms will rise considerably at the expiry of the present leases. The proprietor has a right to the teinds, and the lands afford two freehold qualifications in the county.

LOT II.
Also, the Lands of KINGASK, lying in the parish of Cupar, and within half a mile of that town on the Dundee Road.

The present free yearly rent of these lands is about 150 l. Sterling, and will rise considerably at the expiry of the current leases. They hold of a subject superior, for payment of a trifling feu-duty.

The titles, rental, and plans of the several lands will be seen by applying to David Forbes, writer in Edinburgh, to whom, or the proprietor at Balcarrie, any wishing to treat for a private bargain may apply; and the lands will be shown by James Cairns, writer in Cupar, or by the tenants.

And to be LET.
By public roup, within the house of Walter Kellie, upon Wednesday the 13th day of March next, betwixt the hours of eleven and twelve o'clock forenoon.

The Farm of EASTER KELLY, lying in the parish of Canby, and county of Fife, consisting of about 153 acres of arable ground, mostly inclosed, and capable of great improvement. The lease to commence at Martinmas next, and to continue for such a number of years as may be agreed upon.

There is upon the farm a dwellinghouse of three stories, built about 30 years ago by an officer of the army, for the accommodation of his family, with suitable offices. For further particulars apply to Sir Robert Anstruther of Balcarrie, Bart. or to Patrick Plenderleath, writer in Pitten-weir, his factor.

SALE OF A DISTILLERY, &c.

TO BE SOLD, on Wednesday the 11th of February 1789, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, between the hours of five and seven o'clock in the afternoon, The HERITABLE SUBJECTS, belonging to JAMES HAIG and Co. in four lots, viz.

Lot 1. To comprehend the Distillery, with the whole shades, cellars, warehouses, and other appurtenances, including that piece of ground, west of the Canonmill Bridge, and to the north of the low road, from the Dean-lough to Canonmills, with the houses erected thereon, together also with the Distillery Utensils.

Lot 2. The Houses and Yard, lying to the west of Canonmills, formerly occupied as an Ale Brewery, but now converted into a rectifying-house, together with several other houses and buildings, and the whole utensils in the said rectifying house.

Lot 3. Comprehending the Dwelling-House and Offices, with the parks, garden, and policy surrounding the same, presently possessed by the said James Haig, purchased by him from the trustees of the deceased James McDonald of Canonmills.

The Policy consists of about five acres of ground, and the dwelling-house is beautifully situated on an eminence, commanding a most delightful prospect of the Frith of Forth, New Town of Edinburgh, and the adjoining country.

Lot 4. The Lease of the Park lying to the west of lot 3 called the Standing Stone Park.

This park consists of about ten acres, and pays of yearly rent, 3 l. 17 s. per acre.

These subjects will be exposed at the following upset prices, viz.

Lot 1st. The distillery and area of ground at L. 1800
The utensils at 1400
—L. 3200

—2d. The ground, and buildings thereon, with the utensils at 300

—3d. The house, garden, and policy, 1800

—4th. Lease of the Standing Stone Park.

For further particulars apply to David Stewart, banker in Edinburgh, and George Leslie merchant there, trustees on the sequestrated estate of the said James Haig and Company, or to John Taylor, writer to the signet.

Farms and Distillery to Let.

THE following FARMS on the estate of Vogrie, to be entered to at Whitunday next:

I. THE NORTH MAINS OF LOCHQUHARRET. This farm has been long in the hands of the proprietor, and has mostly been in grass. It is proposed to let it for six or seven years, as a grass farm, with liberty of plowing twenty or thirty acres.

II. The Farm and Lands of CATCUNE, to be let for nineteen years. This farm is extensive, and in a good state of cultivation, having been in the hands of the proprietor for some time past.

III. The Farm of STOBES, to be let for fifteen or nineteen years. This farm is mostly inclosed, and the fences in good condition.

IV. The Farm of RHODES, containing also a part of the lands of Stobs, together with a BREWERY or DISTILLERY, or both. It is situated on the great high road leading from Edinburgh to Selkirk, Hawick, &c.

The whole buildings relative to said Brewery and Distillery have been erected within these ten years. There cannot be a finer inland situation either for a Brewery or Distillery. It is within seven miles of Musselburgh, and the road mostly down-hill. It is believed that there is no Distillery farther to the south in Scotland. Those who sell ale or spirits on the estate are generally thirled to the Brewery and Distillery.

There are two Malt Barns, the one 55 feet by 17, and the other 63 feet by 16. There is also a Malt Barn, 67 feet by 18, and a Barley Loft of the same dimensions. The Vaulted Cellars, the Brew-house, the Store-house, the Malt-kiln, &c. are all proportionably large.

There is a remarkable good spring of Water, which is brought to the mill by a lead pipe, and this spring, by means of a reservoir and rollers, serves for grinding the malt. John Amos at Vogrie, overseer on the estate, will show the premises.

For further particulars, apply to James Cochran, writer in Thistle-Street, Edinburgh, to whom sealed proposals for leases of the said farms or distillery, may be given in, or to John Amos, who will transmit the same to Mr Cochran.

Farm in Mid-Lothian to Let.

TO BE LET for nineteen years from Martinmas next, The FARM of REDHEUGH, consisting of 240 acres of arable land, or thereby, lying in the parish of Cockpen, and three of Edinburgh, eight miles distance from Edinburgh, and two miles from Dalkeith, belonging to Mr Dundas of Arncliffe, and possessed at present by Archibald Simpson, tenant thereof, who, and his father, have possessed the same for many years, under a long lease at a very moderate rent.

Any persons inclining to take a lease of the above farm, may give in proposals, sealed up and addressed to James Newbigging, at the Sheriff-Clerks Office, Edinburgh, on or before the 13th day of April next. Such proposals as are not accepted of will be kept secret, if desired. Archibald Simpson, the tenant, or Alexander Paullo, overseer at Arncliffe, will show the farm; and application may be made for information as to any other particular to the said James Newbigging.

SALE OF LANDS IN RENFREWSHIRE.

TO BE SOLD by roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 18th day of February next, betwixt the hours of five and seven afternoon.

The Lands and Barony of LOCHLISBIDE and HARTFIELD, with the Teinds and Pertinents, lying within the parish of Neilston, and three of Renfrew, yielding yearly of nett-rent, after all deductions, 472 l. 17 s. 4 1/2 d. The lands are holden blench of the Prince, for payment of a penny Scots, and are valued in the Cefs-books at 733 l. 6 s. 8 d. Scots. The tenants, besides their rents, pay the ministers stipends, and half of the cess.

Most of the lands were let many years ago, are now inclosed and subdivided with stone dykes, and there will be a considerable rise in the rent, at the expiration of the tacks. The grounds are of great extent, consisting of no less than 2698 acres, whereof there are 1173 arable; they are all fit for pasture, and lie within a few miles of the manufacturing town of Paisley.

For particulars enquire at John Russell, clerk to the signet, Argyle Square, Edinburgh; Hew Snodgrass, writer in Paisley, or Peter Hume, gardener at Milliken, who will show the grounds.

TO BE SOLD IN TWO LOTS.

By public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Monday the 2d of March next, betwixt the hours of six and seven o'clock forenoon.

THE Lands and Estate of Fishwick, consisting of 1193 acres, all arable and completely inclosed, breaching for two miles along the banks of the river Tweed, lying in the parish of Hutton, and three of Berwick, and within six miles of the town of Berwick.

The first Lot will consist of the Farm of Fishwick proper, containing 776 acres, presently possessed by Mr George Logan of Edrom. And the second Lot will consist of the Farm of Fishwick Mains, containing 418 acres, possessed by Mr John Logan.

If purchasers shall incline, the valuable fishings in Tweed, called New-water and Hornweel, will be sold with the lands. New-water fishing will be joined with the lands in lot first, and Hornweel fishing with the lands in lot second.

A plan of the two lots will be shown by Andrew Mackenzie, writer to the signet, to whom any person wanting further particulars, or desirous to purchase by private bargain, may apply.

SALE OF TIMBER.

TO BE SOLD at Carronhall, near Falkirk, on Wednesday the 4th of February instant, the CATH of February instant, Quantity of GROWING TIMBER, consisting of Elm, Ash, Lime, Horse Chestnut, and Pine, either together or in lots, as purchasers incline.

The roup to begin at ten o'clock forenoon. Not to be repeated.

SALE OF TIMBER AT DALMAHOY.

Seven miles from Edinburgh, on the Glasgow road, will be SOLD by roup, on Tuesday the 3d day of February 1789, A Large quantity of full grown TIMBER, consisting of Oak, Ash, Elm, Plane, and Beech, very fit for Cabinet and Coachmakers.

N. B. The wood is already cut down, and is in general larger and of superior quality to any formerly sold at Dalmaho. The roup to begin at ten o'clock forenoon.

Utensils for manufacturing Soap and Candle.

For behoof of Creditors.

TO BE EXPOSED to public voluntary roup, by the trustees on the sequestrated estate of James Baird, soap-manufacturer at Portburgh, within the said James Baird's work-houses there, on Thursday the 12th day of February next, at twelve o'clock noon.

A most complete SET of UTENSILS for MANUFACTURING SOAP AND CANDLE, all lately purchased by the said James Baird, of the best and most approved kinds, among which are three large boilers, with a full set of yellin vatts and receivers, as also several wood and yellin reservoirs, with yellin pumps, frames, and every other utensil necessary for manufacturing soap; also three boilers, with apparatus necessary for manufacturing candles, conform to inventories thereof, all as presently in the said work-houses, together with the possession of the work-houses till Whitunday 1789. The whole of these utensils cost James Baird considerably above 1200 l. Sterling, and are to be exposed in One Lot, forming a most advantageous and eligible purchase, on account of the qualities of the utensils, and the convenience of the situation, to any person inclining to carry on the business of soap and candle making.

If the utensils do not fall in one lot, they will positively be exposed separately as purchasers shall incline.

Inventories of the utensils, and the articles of roup, to be seen in the hands of Mr William Kerr junior, merchant in Leith, and Robert Brown writer to the signet, to either of whom any person who wishes to purchase the utensils by private bargain, previous to the day of sale, may apply.

NOTICE

TO THE CREDITORS of Mrs TURNBULL, Shopkeeper in Buccleugh Street, Edinburgh, and of MATTHEW TURNBULL, her Husband.

THE said Mrs Turnbull and her husband, having conveyed their whole effects to Messrs William Gibson and Robert Gourlay, merchants in Edinburgh, as trustees for behoof of their creditors, as appointed by a meeting of said creditors, held on the 9th day of January current; the said trustees hereby request the whole of the said creditors to meet within the house of Charles Small vintner, High Street, Edinburgh, on Monday the 9th day of February next, at seven o'clock in the evening, in order to accede to the said trust, and also to consider of a proposal made in behalf of Mrs Turnbull and her husband to pay a composition to the creditors.

The Debtors to the estate of the said Mrs Turnbull and her husband, are desired immediately to make payment to the said trustees, otherwise they will be prosecuted.

TO BE SOLD by Private Bargain.

THE top or attic Storey and Garrets of the west-most corner HOUSE, lying upon the fourth side of St James's Square, with the cellar and well thereto belonging. The attic floor consists of dining-room, drawing-room, two bed-rooms, and kitchen—the garrets consist of two bed-rooms, and four bed-closets. The vicinity of this lodging to the Register Office, makes it a very eligible situation for gentlemen of business.

The house will be shown from ten to three o'clock, by Messrs Campbell the present possessor.

Apply to John McRitchie, writer in Edinburgh.

ISLE OF MAY LIGHTS.

TO BE LET, by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 25th February 1789, at two o'clock afternoon.

THE DUTIES payable for the Isle of May Lights, on a lease of ten years from Whitunday 1790.

The proprietor is at the expence of maintaining the Light-house and the Lights.

The articles of roup will be shown by Mr Erskine, clerk to the signet.

A House, Gardens, and Parks, to Set,

In the County of Tweeddale.

TO BE LET for such a number of years as may be agreed on, and entered to at Whitunday next.

THE Dwelling house of KAILZIE, fit for the accommodation of a large family, pleasantly situated on the banks of the river Tweed, about 23 miles from Edinburgh, and 2 miles below Peebles. (A remarkable good market town) with two Gardens, a Pigeon-house, and convenient set of Office-houses; as also seven inclosures all well fenced and watered, and of remarkable good soil. All, or any part of which the tenant chuses to take for his accommodation, will be set to him along with the house.

For other particulars, enquire at Mrs Kennedy at Kailzie, John Orr, Esq; of Barrowfield, at Glasgow, or at James Bailie at the Stamp Office, Edinburgh.

TO BE SOLD by Private Bargain.

THAT Dwelling-House, consisting of

two Storeys, being the first flat and ground floor of No. 3, James's Street, near the Register Office, entering from the right hand of the passage. The upper flat consists of a dining room, parlour, and two bed chambers;—The ground floor, of two rooms, with an excellent kitchen, pantry, and many other conveniences. The purchaser will have the privilege of a grass plot and pump-well, at the back of the tenement, in common with the other proprietors.

For further particulars, apply to the proprietor at the house, or to Archibald Lundie, writer to the signet, in whose hands the title-deeds are lodged.

An extensive Sheep Grazing to Let.

THE GRAZING of ACHNASHINE, in the parish of Contin, and shire of Ross, consisting of several miles extent of meadow and heath pasture intermixed, besides several acres of good arable ground. This grazing is particularly adapted for sheep walks, the quality of the pasture being excellent, and having a fine south exposure.

The entry to commence at Whitunday next.

For further particulars enquire at Charles Mackenzie, Esq; of Kilroy, (the proprietor) near Inverness, or Alexander Mackenzie, writer to the signet, Edinburgh.

SALE OF A SHIP.

TO BE SOLD by public roup, on Friday the 13th February, at twelve o'clock noon, within the house of Alexander McRitchie, vintner, North Queensferry.

THE THIRD PART OR SHARE

Of the Good Sloop MARGARET.

And of her Boat and other Furniture, formerly belonging to Andrew Swinton, late merchant in Inverkeithing, as the presently lies in the harbour of North Queensferry. Any person willing to purchase, will be shown the vessel and inventory of her furniture, by applying to Thomas Thomson the master. The vessel is only four years old, and about 110 tons burden.

NORTHUMBERLAND.

Morpeth, January 21. 1789.

A Meeting of the Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the county of Northumberland, held this day.

GAWEN AVNSLEY, Esq; in the Chair.

A motion was made by Rowland Burdon, Esq; and seconded by William Ord of Fenham, Esq; That an address of thanks be presented to the Right Honourable William Pitt, for his conduct in Parliament on the present emergency. This motion being put was negatived almost unanimously.

A motion was then made by Jonathan Thompson, Esq; and seconded by Sir Henry George Liddell, Bart. That the thanks of this meeting be given to Sir William Middleton, Bart. and Charles Grey, Esq; our Representatives, for their conduct in Parliament; which motion the Chairman refusing to put, he and his friends left the town-hall abruptly. Sir Henry George Liddell being then called to the Chair, the same motion was put and carried *unanimously* and the following resolutions agreed to.

Sir Henry George Liddell, Bart. in the Chair.

That the thanks of this meeting be given to Sir William Middleton, Bart. and Charles Grey, Esq; our Representatives, for their conduct in Parliament.

Also, that the thanks of this meeting be given to Sir Francis Blake, Bart. and Sir Charles Grey, K. B. for the trouble they have taken in explaining the true principles of the constitution, and declaring the real rights of the people.

Also, that the thanks of this meeting be given to John Ord of Westwood, Esq; and Jonathan Thompson, Esq; for their great exertions at this meeting.

Also, that (the Chairman having quitted the chair) the thanks of the meeting be given to Sir Henry George Liddell, Bart. for his acceptance of and impartial conduct in the chair, and that he be requested to sign the above resolutions, and cause the same to be inserted in the London, Newcastle, and every other newspaper in this Kingdom.

H. G. LIDDELL.

JUDICIAL SALE OF LANDS,

In the County of Dumfriesshire.

TO BE SOLD by public roup, within the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 4th day of March next, betwixt the hours of four and six o'clock afternoon.

THE LANDS which belonged to Major General Stewart Douglas of Hurlkdale, in the following lots.

LOT I.

The Two Merks Lands of BRANTHAT, and Three Merks Land of HURKLEDALE, the Lands of FOOTMANBRIDGE, KILTHAT, DUNNINGHILL, and others, with the pertinents thereof, lying within the barony of Kinnmont, parish of Cumertrees, and shire of Dumfries, the free yearly rent of which was proved to be 118 l. 7 s. 3 d. 11-12ths, and being held of a subject superior, they are valued at twenty-three years purchase of the free rent, extending to L. 2728 13 4 1-12th

And the privilege of purchasing the free rent of these lands, amounting to 27 l. 4 s. 10 d. 1-12th yearly, is valued at five years purchase, extending to 136 4 2 s. 1-12th

Upset price of Lot I. L. 2858 16 6 6-12th

These lands are held feu of the Duke of Queensberry, for payment of 6 s. 8 d. of yearly feu duty. They are situated upon the great military road from Carlisle to Port-Patrick, about four miles from the town of Annan, and twelve miles from Dumfries. And, as they are in the immediate neighbourhood of different lime-quarries, and upon the sea coast, they command the means of improvement at a moderate expence, and likewise an opportunity of disposing of the produce to the best advantage.

LOT II.

The Three Pound Land of old extent of TODHOLES and CHRYSTAL-LANDBEG, and pertinents of the same, lying in the parish of Dornoch, and shire of Dumfries, the free yearly rent of which was proved to be 62 l. and being held of a subject superior, are valued at twenty-three years purchase of the free rent, extending to L. 1436 6 6

And the privilege of purchasing the free rents of the said lands, amounting to 10 l. 14 s. yearly, is valued at five years purchase, or 53 10 0

Upset price of lot II. L. 1479 10 0

These lands are held blench of the Duke of Queensberry. They lie adjacent to the great military road betwixt Annan and Grately Green, and enjoy the same advantages as the lands contained in the first lot.

Since the proof of the rental was taken the rents of this estate have been considerably raised on leases for no more than three years, under proper restrictions. It is presently rented as follows.

LOT I.

Farms.	Tenants.	Rent.
Branthat,	Thomas Radcliff,	L. 50 0 0
Part of Ditto,	Mary Richardson,	10 5 0
Footmanbridge,	John Hetherington,	21 6 3
North Hurlkdale,	David Hill,	21 18 0
Middle Ditto,	George Graham,	18 8 0
South Ditto,	Ditto,	15 5 6
Kilthart,	George Copland,	12 3 4
Dunninghill,	William Hill,	4 2 0
Ditto Runriggs		
and Common,	John Foot,	5 11 0
Besides 18 dargues of peats yearly		169 0 0

LOT II.

Farms.	Tenants.	Rent.
Todholes,	John Carlyle sen.	L. 51 0 0
Ditto,	Thomas Currie,	39 0 0
Old Loch,	Peter Clark,	9 0 0
		99 0 0

Total, L. 268 0 1

The title-deeds and articles of roup may be seen in the office of Mr George Bruce, depute-clerk of Session, or in the hands of Alexander Young, writer to the signet, agent in the sale, who will likewise show the plans of the estate; and further information may be got by applying to him, or to Mr Richard Graham, writer in Annan, factor on the estate.

Farm in the Mearns.

TO BE SOLD, An Assignment to the tenant's part of the tack and farm of MILNTON-HAVEN-LIME-QUARRY, and pertinents, as lately possessed by the deceased John Gibson, situated in the parish of Ecclefechan, and county of Kircubbin, within a few miles of Montrose, and one of John's Haven.

The tack endures for fifty seven years from Whitunday 1789